

Reports of Independent Auditors and Consolidated Financial Statements with Federal Awards Supplementary Information

Occidental College

June 30, 2024 and 2023



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Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Trustees Occidental College

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Occidental College, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Occidental College as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Occidental College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Occidental College's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Occidental College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Occidental College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matter

We have previously audited Occidental College's June 30, 2022, consolidated financial statements, and our report dated December 14, 2022, expressed an unmodified opinion on those audited consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein which was derived from the consolidated financial statements of Occidental College as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited consolidated financial statements from which it has been derived.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the messarily and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2024, on our consideration of Occidental College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Occidental College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Occidental College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Moss Adams UP

Los Angeles, California November 26, 2024

Consolidated Financial Statements

Occidental College Consolidated Balance Sheets June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
ASSETS		
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,174,590	\$ 5,810,731
Student accounts receivable, less allowance for credit		
losses of \$460,385 (2024) and \$437,583 (2023)	676,168	590,865
Contracts and grants receivable	6,473,471	3,702,684
Contributions receivable, net	5,274,932	5,674,549
Other assets	1,781,557	3,545,632
Investments	756,952,159	703,002,085
Student notes receivable, net	13,382,171	14,558,356
Assets held in trust by others	5,009,128	4,531,510
Property and equipment, net	185,169,578	182,818,240
Total assets	\$ 985,893,754	\$ 924,234,652
LIABILITIES AND NET ASS	ETS	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 14,746,779	\$ 11,468,915
Student deposits and deferred revenue	4,162,578	3,284,633
Government loans payable	1,115,100	1,433,541
Annuities payable	10,581,575	10,415,662
Asset retirement obligations	2,823,951	2,823,951
Debt	92,618,960	94,852,171
Total liabilities	126,048,943	124,278,873
NET ASSETS		
Without donor restrictions	293,122,951	275,333,179
With donor restrictions	566,721,860	524,622,600
Total net assets	859,844,811	799,955,779
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 985,893,754	\$ 924,234,652

Occidental College Consolidated Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	Without Donor With Donor		For the Years E	Inded June 30,	
	Restrictions	Restrictions	2024	2023	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Student revenues, net	\$ 101,615,574	\$-	\$ 101,615,574	\$ 97,819,836	
Private gifts, grants and contracts	7,784,499	5,470,471	13,254,970	10,358,313	
Federal and state grants and contracts	6,566,219	-	6,566,219	6,900,186	
Auxiliary services, other	2,334,643	-	2,334,643	2,047,030	
Investment income designated for operations	5,264,476	19,174,113	24,438,589	23,225,027	
Other	3,279,820	-	3,279,820	2,974,784	
Net assets released from restrictions	23,636,620	(23,636,620)	-, -,	-	
Total operating revenues	150,481,851	1,007,964	151,489,815	143,325,176	
OPERATING EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	48,093,330	-	48,093,330	44,405,924	
Research	5,977,842	-	5,977,842	5,131,750	
Public service	6,988,492	-	6,988,492	7,550,665	
Academic support	13,675,080	-	13,675,080	12,489,292	
Student services	18,152,589	-	18,152,589	17,873,773	
Institutional support					
General	16,525,513	-	16,525,513	15,910,991	
Advancement	8,121,463	-	8,121,463	7,701,234	
Auxiliary services, student and other	25,698,881		25,698,881	25,361,598	
Total operating expenditures	143,233,190		143,233,190	136,425,227	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM	7.040.004	4 007 004	0.050.005	0 000 0 40	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	7,248,661	1,007,964	8,256,625	6,899,949	
OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS					
Net assets released for capital expenditures	41,500	(41,500)	-	-	
Private gifts, grants and contracts					
non-operating	-	11,125,830	11,125,830	7,897,984	
Present value adjustment for annuities	-	(947,756)	(947,756)	(713,351)	
Annuity funds released	72,144	(72,144)	-	-	
Change in fair value of assets held in trust	,				
by others	-	477,618	477,618	186,743	
Investment gain, net	10,427,467	30,549,248	40,976,715	15,341,109	
Total other changes in net assets	10,541,111	41,091,296	51,632,407	22,712,485	
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	17,789,772	42,099,260	59,889,032	29,612,434	
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	275,333,179	524,622,600	799,955,779	770,343,344	
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 293,122,951	\$ 566,721,860	\$ 859,844,811	\$ 799,955,778	

Occidental College Consolidated Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Without Donor	With Donor	For the Years E	Ended June 30,
	Restrictions	Restrictions	2023 Total	2022 Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Student revenues, net	\$ 97,819,836	\$-	\$ 97,819,836	\$ 94,378,130
Private gifts, grants, and contracts	7,058,730	3,299,584	10,358,314	14,331,556
Federal and state grants and contracts	6,900,186	-	6,900,186	11,079,287
Auxiliary services, other	2,047,030	-	2,047,030	1,143,617
Investment income designated for operations	4,795,930	18,429,097	23,225,027	21,977,715
Other	2,974,784	-	2,974,784	2,084,883
Net assets released from restrictions	23,159,559	(23,159,559)		
Total operating revenues	144,756,055	(1,430,878)	143,325,177	144,995,188
OPERATING EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	44,405,924	-	44,405,924	42,500,092
Research	5,131,750	-	5,131,750	4,566,267
Public service	7,550,665	-	7,550,665	7,402,798
Academic support	12,489,292	-	12,489,292	10,994,600
Student services	17,873,773	-	17,873,773	19,324,547
Institutional support	,		,,	
General	15,910,991	-	15,910,991	14,844,030
Advancement	7,701,234	-	7,701,234	6,809,699
Auxiliary services, student, and other	25,361,598		25,361,598	23,684,001
Total operating expenditures	136,425,227	-	136,425,227	130,126,034
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	8,330,828	(1,430,878)	6,899,950	14,869,154
OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS				
Net assets released for capital expenditures	925,371	(925,371)	-	-
Private gifts, grants, and contracts	0_0,07	(0=0,01.1)		
non-operating	-	7,897,984	7,897,984	15,903,343
Present value adjustment for annuities	-	(713,351)	(713,351)	1,750,024
Annuity funds released	3,288,583	(3,288,583)	-	
Change in fair value of assets held in trust	-,,	(-,,)		
by others	-	186,743	186,743	(1,230,709)
Investment gain (loss), net	4,568,612	10,772,497	15,341,109	(23,502,721)
Redesignation of net assets	(16,023)	16,023	-	-
Total other changes in net assets	8,766,543	13,945,942	22,712,485	(7,080,063)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	17,097,371	12,515,064	29,612,435	7,789,091
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	258,235,808	512,107,536	770,343,344	762,554,253
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 275,333,179	\$ 524,622,600	\$ 799,955,779	\$ 770,343,344

Occidental College Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢ 50,000,022	\$ 29,612,435
Changes in net assets Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to	\$ 59,889,032	φ 29,012,435
net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation	11,171,621	10,913,554
Amortization of bond issuance costs and premiums	(123,211)	(123,211)
Write off of property and equipment	11,899	34,898
Change in fair value of assets held in trust by others	(477,618)	(186,743)
Net unrealized and realized gains on investments	(53,033,781)	(24,613,816)
Contributions restricted for long-term investments	(5,500,215)	(6,421,890)
Contributions for capital expenditures	(5,625,615)	(1,476,094)
Change in provision for student notes receivable	(62,219)	34,330
Present value adjustment for annuities	261,430	312,240
Change in value of annuities payable	947,756	713,351
Change in assets and liabilities	(05 202)	404.057
Student accounts receivable Contracts and grants receivable	(85,303) (2,770,787)	134,257 149,753
Contributions receivable	2,101,173	(753,395)
Other assets	1,764,075	(611,127)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,277,865	(3,777,162)
Student deposits and deferred revenue	877,945	285,635
Government loans payable	64,334	66,452
Net cash provided by operating activities	12,688,381	4,293,467
	12,000,001	1,200,101
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Disbursement of student notes receivables	(1,239,137)	(1,291,702)
Collection of student notes receivables	2,477,542	2,735,679
Purchases of investments	(130,465,125)	(115,756,860)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchases of property and equipment	127,847,276 (13,534,859)	103,677,895 (7,001,506)
r dichases of property and equipment	(10,004,000)	(7,001,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(14,914,303)	(17,636,494)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Contributions restricted for long-term investment	5,500,215	7,542,275
Contributions and pledge receipts for capital expenditures	5,625,615	2,137,528
Repayment of government loans payable	(382,775)	(578,406)
Repayment of bonds payable	(2,110,000)	(2,020,000)
Distributions of annuities payable	(1,043,274)	(1,209,612)
Net cash provided by financing activities	7,589,781	5,871,785
		-
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5,363,859	(7,471,242)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	5,810,731	13,281,973
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 11,174,590	\$ 5,810,731
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash paid for interest	\$ 3,327,770	\$ 3,530,151
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Unpaid property and equipment purchases	\$ 2,062,380	\$ 796,075

See accompanying notes.

Note 1 – Organization

Occidental College (the College) is an independent, coeducational college of liberal arts and sciences, founded in 1887. Occidental College seeks to provide an education of high quality in the best tradition of the liberal arts, emphasizing thorough competence in a chosen field of study together with a broad understanding of our historical and cultural heritage and the relationships among fields of knowledge.

On June 30, 2016, Occidental College formed a single-member limited liability company, Otway Properties, LLC (Otway), under the California Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act, in order to hold title to certain real property.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting and reporting – The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the College, a not-for-profit educational institution, have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

The College reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Consolidation – The activities of Otway are consolidated in the College's consolidated financial statements, as required by U.S. GAAP. All intercompany balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Comparative amounts – The amounts shown for 2022 in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are included to provide a basis for comparison with 2023 and are not intended to present all information necessary for a fair presentation of the 2022 consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the College's consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, from which the summarized information was derived.

Operating measure – The College divides its statements of activities into operating and nonoperating activities. The operating activities of the College include all income and expenses related to carrying out its educational mission. Operating revenues include investment income and investment gains used to fund current operations.

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets without donor restrictions are comprised of assets which are for operating purposes or assets which are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and are general in nature. Net assets without donor restrictions have been segregated into the following categories:

Educational and general – includes funds that are internally designated for operational or special use.

Functioning as endowment – includes certain gifts not otherwise restricted and Board designations of assets to function as endowment. Board designated endowments are typically maintained for general operating purposes and student scholarships.

Student loan funds – includes lending activity to students utilizing College resources designated for that purpose as well as funds intended for a general College loan program.

Renewal and replacement – includes amounts internally designated for renewal and replacement of property and equipment.

Invested in property and equipment – includes property and equipment stated at cost or fair value at the date of gift, less accumulated depreciation net of any related debt. Plant purchases with a useful life of five years or more and a cost equal to or greater than \$25,000 for land improvements, \$50,000 for buildings, and \$5,000 for furniture and equipment are capitalized. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives for land improvements (up to 40 years), buildings (up to 40 years), and furniture and equipment (up to 10 years). Upon disposition of assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation is removed with the resulting gain or loss recognized in net assets without donor restrictions. The College follows the policy of generally recording contributions of property and equipment directly to net assets without donor restrictions. However, if the donor stipulates how long the assets must be used, the contributions are recorded as with donor restrictions support. Management has evaluated operating results and considered significant events, if any, and determined that property and equipment are not impaired at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets with donor restrictions are those assets whose use by the College is subject to donor-imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the College pursuant to those stipulations, or that expire by the passage of time. Such assets include accumulated endowment investment gains, certain charitable remainder unitrusts, pooled income funds, gift annuities, and certain contributions receivable for which the ultimate purpose of the proceeds is without donor restrictions. The College has legal title to life income and annuity contracts and agreements, subject to life interests of the beneficiaries. No significant financial benefit is or can be realized until the contractual obligations are released.

Other net assets with donor restrictions are those assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that they be maintained in perpetuity by the College. Such assets primarily include the College's perpetual endowment, certain charitable remainder unitrusts, and loan funds established by donors.

Expenses – Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions. Expirations of net assets with donor restrictions are reported as "net assets released from restrictions" from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions. Donor restrictions on gifts to acquire long-lived assets are met in the period in which the assets are placed into service.

The consolidated financial statements present expenses by functional classification in accordance with the overall educational mission of the College.

Depreciation expense is allocated to the functional categories directly based upon the nature of the underlying assets. Interest expense on external debt is allocated to the functional categories which have benefited from the proceeds. Plant operations and maintenance represents space-related costs that are allocated to the functional categories directly and/or based on the square footage occupancy. Information technology service expense is allocated to functional categories based on employee and student headcount.

Revenue recognition – Student tuition and fees are recorded as revenues in the period during which the related academic services are rendered. All student fees are due by June 30 for each academic year and if unpaid, remain in student accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts. The College records an allowance for credit losses on student receivables based on historical experience. These receivables are unsecured and the College does not charge interest on late payments. Student tuition and fees received in advance of services to be rendered are recorded as deferred revenue.

Revenues from grants and contracts that are nonreciprocal are treated as contributions. If the grant or contract is conditional, a barrier to entitlement exists, revenue is recognized when the barrier is considered overcome and as allowable expenditures under such agreements are incurred, as an increase to assets without donor restrictions. If the grant or contract is unconditional, revenue is reported as an increase in net asset without donor restrictions. Contracts and grants receivable are generally due within one year. The College records an allowance for doubtful accounts on contracts and grants receivable based on historical experience. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, an allowance for doubtful accounts on contracts and grants receivable was not deemed necessary.

Revenues from sources other than contributions are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions when services are rendered. Gains and losses on investments are reported as increases or decreases to the appropriate net asset category.

Contributions are reported as increases in the appropriate category of net assets, except contributions that the donor restricts where the restrictions are met within the same fiscal year, as these contributions are included in net assets without donor restrictions. Contributions other than cash are recorded at fair value at the date of gift. Non-operating private gifts, grants, and contracts are contributions with donor restrictions for perpetually restricted endowment or capital expenditures. Unconditional contributions, including promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recorded as contributions until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Unconditional promises to give are donor commitments where there is sufficient evidence they exist, verifiable documentation, no ambiguous conditions, and they are legally enforceable. If these contributions are to be received after a year and/or over a number of years, they are discounted at a rate equivalent with the credit-adjusted short-term and mid-term rate. The discount is amortized and recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with the donor-imposed restrictions, if any. In addition, an allowance for uncollectible promises to give, based on past collection experience, is recorded.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less at the time of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents representing assets held as endowment and similar funds and assets held for annuity and life income payments are included in investments. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at cost which approximates fair value.

Concentration of credit risk – Financial instruments that potentially subject the College to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits at financial institutions, receivables, and investments in marketable securities. At times, balances in the College's cash and investment accounts exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or Securities Investor Protection Corporation insured limits. Concentration of credit risk with respect to student accounts receivable, student notes receivable, and contracts and grants receivable are limited due to the large number of students and grantors from which amounts are due, with no single source being significant. Contribution receivable balances for four donors comprised 62% and 55% of contributions receivable as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Investments – Investments are stated at fair value. The fair value of investments is based on quoted prices from national security exchanges, except for limited partnerships and venture capital funds, which are based on information provided by external investment managers at the most recent valuation period date for the fiscal year-end. Management monitors the activity of external investment managers and performs reconciliations and other procedures to assure that the valuations used in the consolidated financial statements are fairly stated. The College believes the carrying amounts of these investments are a reasonable estimate of fair value. Because the limited partnerships and venture capital funds are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for such investments are the difference between the fair value and the cost basis of the investments. The realized and unrealized gains and losses, net of investment expenses, are reported in the consolidated statements of activities. Real estate is stated at cost.

All investments of net assets with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions designated as endowment funds are carried in an investment pool unless special considerations or donor stipulations require that they be held separately.

Management of pooled investments – Where permitted by gift agreement and/or applicable government regulations, investments are pooled. Pooled investments and allocations of pooled investment income, net of investment expenses, are accounted for on a unit-market value method. The College follows an investment policy for its pooled endowment investments which anticipates a greater long-term return through investing for capital appreciation and long-term growth. According to the College's endowment spending policy, the amount of investment return available for current operations is determined by applying a 2% growth rate to the previous year's spending amount, subject to lower and upper limits. The lower limit was 4.3% of a twenty-one quarter moving average of the unit market value and the upper limit was 4.7% of a twenty-one quarter moving average of the unit market value for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The lower limit was 4.0% of a twenty-one quarter moving average of the unit market value for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Student notes receivable – The College administers a federal student loan program, the Perkins Student Loan program and two institutional loan programs. Loans made under the federal student loan program have a 10-year repayment period, with a 5% interest rate. Loans made under the institutional loan programs have a 10-year repayment period, with interest rates between 0% and 5%. On October 1, 2017, the Federal Perkins Extension Act of 2015 expired and no longer permits new loans to be awarded. The College continues to collect payments on past loans and remits payments to the U.S. government for the federal share as they are notified to do so.

Assets held in trust by others – Trusts in which the College is named as irrevocable beneficiary, but is not trustee, are recorded as assets held in trust by others when the College is notified by the trustee. The assets are recorded at fair value based on the statements from the trustees, which are derived from the fair value of the underlying investments of the trusts, and the College's ownership interest in the trust. The College is named beneficiary of various estates in probate. Unless the ultimate amount available for distribution can be determined before the close of the probate proceedings, the College does not record these amounts until the point of asset distribution.

Collections – Collections, such as rare books and works of art, which were acquired through purchases and contributions since the College's inception, are not recognized as assets. These collections are held solely for their potential educational value or historical significance. Management has determined that the cost to establish the current fair value is deemed to exceed the benefit and therefore the collections were not assigned a value for the purpose of capitalization. Purchases of collection items are recorded as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions in the year in which the items are acquired, or as net assets with donor restrictions if the assets used to purchase the items have been restricted by donors.

Annuities payable – The College uses the actuarial method of recording life income and annuity contract net assets. Under this method, when a gift is received, cash or investments received are recorded at fair value, while the present value of the aggregate annuity obligation is recorded as a liability, based upon life expectancy tables. The remainder is recorded as revenue in the appropriate net asset category. Investment income and some gains are credited, and annuity payments and investment losses are charged to the liability accounts, with periodic adjustments made between the liability and the net assets to record actuarial gains or losses. The actuarial liability is based on the present value of future payments discounted at 4.2% and the 2012 IAR Mortality Table.

Asset retirement obligations – U.S. GAAP defines a conditional asset retirement obligation as a legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and (or) method of settlement are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the College. Uncertainty with respect to the timing and/or method of settlement of the asset retirement obligation does not defer recognition of a liability. The obligation to perform the asset retirement activity is unconditional, and accordingly, a liability has been recognized.

Bond issuance costs – Bond issuance costs represent issuance and underwriters' costs related to the California Educational Facilities Authority (CEFA) Series 2013B, the CEFA Series 2015 Bonds and the Occidental College Taxable Bonds, Series 2019. Bond issuance costs are included as a component of bonds payable on the consolidated balance sheets (Note 9). These amounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

Use of estimates – The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. While management believes that these estimates are adequate as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, it is possible that actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income taxes – The College operates as a not-for-profit organization and has been recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as an organization exempt from income taxation pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) on its income other than unrelated business income and has also been recognized by the Franchise Tax Board as exempt from state franchise or income tax pursuant to California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701(d) on its income other than unrelated business income other than unrelated business income. Otway is a single member LLC and therefore disregarded for federal income tax purposes.

As required by U.S. GAAP, the College and Otway have identified and evaluated their significant tax positions and have determined that there is no material unrecognized benefit or liability to be recorded. There are no uncertain tax positions for the years ended June 30, 2024 or 2023. There have been no related tax penalties or interest, which would be classified as a tax expense in the consolidated statements of activities.

Accounting pronouncements – On June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments (CECL)*, which requires the establishment of an allowance for estimated credit losses on financial assets, including trade and other receivables and contract assets, at each reporting date. The College adopted the new standard on July 1, 2023, using the modified-retrospective approach, which did not have a significant effect on the financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024. Therefore, there was no cumulative effect to beginning net assets as it was determined to be immaterial.

Note 3 – Contributions Receivable

Unconditional promises to give are included in the consolidated financial statements as contributions receivable and gift revenue in the appropriate net asset category. Contributions are recorded after discounting at the risk adjusted rate. The risk adjusted rates range from 0.14% and 5.0% for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Amortization of the discount is included in gift revenue.

As of June 30, unconditional promises to give are expected to be collected in the following periods:

	 2024	 2023
Less than one year	\$ 2,425,682	\$ 2,113,910
Between one year and five years	2,609,058	2,951,235
Later than five years	 875,000	1,450,000
Less: discount allowance for uncollectible amounts	5,909,740 (471,665) (163,143)	6,515,145 (665,095) (175,501)
Contributions receivable, net	\$ 5,274,932	\$ 5,674,549

Contributions receivable at June 30, 2024, have the following restrictions:

	 2024	 2023
Endowment for programs, activities and scholarships Education and general Building construction	\$ 2,500,071 1,168,000 2,241,669	\$ 2,972,295 959,000 2,583,850
Total contributions receivable, gross	\$ 5,909,740	\$ 6,515,145

Note 4 – Investments

The following schedule summarizes the assets in pooled investments and the assets held as separate investments at June 30:

	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 104,260,226	\$ 108,851,417
U.S. equities	155,019,631	132,694,760
Global equities (developed) funds	60,753,709	60,061,278
Emerging markets equities funds	43,633,011	38,416,983
Domestic fixed income funds	68,947,332	56,926,437
Absolute return funds	63,736,593	53,445,038
Marketable inflation hedging assets funds	33,473,704	31,269,939
Private equity and venture capital	226,610,525	220,818,805
Real estate	517,428	517,428
	\$ 756,952,159	\$ 703,002,085

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, investments include approximately \$21,111,000 and \$22,562,000, respectively, in securities related to life income and annuity contracts. The following schedule summarizes the College's investment return for the years ended June 30:

	2024	2023
Dividends, interest and rents	\$ 13,742,506	\$ 15,231,852
Realized gains, net	9,853,350	14,618,738
Unrealized gains, net	43,180,431	10,028,627
Less: investment expense investment income designated for operations	66,776,287 (1,360,983) (24,438,589)	39,879,217 (1,313,081) (23,225,027)
Investment gains, net of allocation to operations and investment expense	\$ 40,976,715	\$ 15,341,109

Investment return was classified as follows for the years ended:

	June 30, 2024					
	Without Donor	With Donor				
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total			
Dividends, interest and rents Realized gains, net	\$ 6,350,084 2,019,869	\$ 7,392,422 7,833,481	\$ 13,742,505 9,853,350			
Unrealized gains, net	9,216,396	33,964,035	43,180,431			
<u> </u>	-,_ : -,					
Total	\$ 17,586,349	\$ 49,189,938	\$ 66,776,286			
		June 30, 2023				
	Without Donor	June 30, 2023 With Donor				
	Without Donor Restrictions		Total			
Dividends, interest and rents	Restrictions \$ 5,269,541	With Donor Restrictions \$ 9,962,311	\$ 15,231,852			
Realized gains, net	Restrictions \$ 5,269,541 2,982,407	With Donor Restrictions \$ 9,962,311 11,636,332	\$ 15,231,852 14,618,739			
	Restrictions \$ 5,269,541	With Donor Restrictions \$ 9,962,311	\$ 15,231,852			

Note 5 – Fair Value Measurements

The College accounts for its investments at fair value in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, *Fair Value Measurements*. ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expanded disclosure requirements for fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines the term "fair value" as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. As required by ASC 820, the College's policy is to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when developing fair value measurements.

Fair value hierarchy – ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three broad levels, considering the relative reliability of the inputs. The fair value hierarchy assigns the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of an input to the valuation that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels of inputs within the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the College has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable of the asset or liability; and
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or by other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The determination of where an asset or liability falls in the hierarchy requires significant judgment. The College evaluates its hierarchy disclosures each reporting period and based on various factors, it is possible that an asset or liability may be classified differently from period to period. However, the College expects that changes in classifications between different levels will be rare.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The College's valuation methodologies used for alternative investments measured at fair value is based on net asset value (NAV) of shares held by the College at fiscal year end. The preceding method described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the College believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. The following table presents the investments and assets held by others carried on the consolidated balance sheets by level within the valuation hierarchy at June 30:

					Assets Measured Using NAV Practical	
Level 1	Le	vel 2		Level 3	Expedient	Total
\$ 104,260,226	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$ 104,260,226
31,860,972		-		-	123,158,659	155,019,631
5,487,699		-		-	55,266,010	60,753,709
-		-		-	43,633,011	43,633,011
45,738,382		-		-	23,208,950	68,947,332
-		-		-	63,736,593	63,736,593
23,566,765		-		-	9,906,939	33,473,704
-		-		-	226,610,528	226,610,528
-		-		5,009,128		5,009,128
\$ 210,914,044	\$	-	\$	5,009,128	\$ 545,520,690	\$ 761,443,862
			Ju	ne 30, 2023		
					Assets Measured	
	31,860,972 5,487,699 45,738,382 23,566,765	\$ 104,260,226 \$ 31,860,972 5,487,699 - 45,738,382 - 23,566,765 - -	\$ 104,260,226 \$ - 31,860,972 - 5,487,699 - 45,738,382 - 23,566,765 - 	\$ 104,260,226 \$ - \$ 31,860,972 - 5,487,699 - 45,738,382 - 23,566,765 - \$ 210,914,044 \$ - \$	\$ 104,260,226 \$ - \$ - 31,860,972 5,487,699 45,738,382 23,566,765 5,009,128	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Practical Expedient \$ 104,260,226 \$ - \$ - 31,860,972 - - 123,158,659 - 5,487,699 - - - 55,266,010 - - - 43,633,011 45,738,382 - - 23,208,950 - - 63,736,593 23,566,765 - - - - - \$ 210,914,044 \$ - \$ 5,009,128 June 30, 2023 June 30, 2023

	Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3	Assets Measured Using NAV Practical Expedient	Tota	1
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 108,851,417	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 108,85	1,417
U.S. equities	30,653,994	-	-	102,040,766	132,69	4,760
Global equities (developed) funds	5,801,491	-	-	54,259,787	60,06	1,278
Emerging markets equities funds	-	-	-	38,416,983	38,41	6,983
Domestic fixed income funds	39,504,929	-	-	17,421,508	56,92	6,437
Absolute return funds	-	-	-	53,445,038	53,44	5,038
Marketable inflation hedging assets funds	22,399,564	-	-	8,870,375	31,26	9,939
Private equity and venture capital	-	-	-	220,818,805	220,81	8,805
Assets held in trust by others		 -	 4,531,510		4,53	1,510
Total	\$ 207,211,395	\$ 	\$ 4,531,510	\$ 495,273,262	\$ 707,01	6,167

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, investments held at cost totaled \$517,425 and \$517,428, respectively.

The following table summarizes the reconciliation of the College's Level 3 assets for the years ended June 30:

				June 30, 2024			
	Beginning Balance	9		Realized	Unrealized	Interest	Ending Balance
	July 1, 2023	Purchases	Redemptions	Gain/(Loss)	Gain/(Loss)	and Dividends	June 30, 2024
Assets held in trust by others	\$ 4,531,510	\$	- \$ -	\$-	\$ 477,618	\$-	\$ 5,009,128
				June 30, 2023			
	Beginning Balance	e		Realized	Unrealized	Interest	Ending Balance
	July 1, 2022	Purchases	Redemptions	Gain/(Loss)	Gain/(Loss)	and Dividends	June 30, 2023
Assets held in trust by others	\$ 4,344,767	\$	- \$ -	\$-	\$ 186,743	\$-	\$ 4,531,510

The following table represents the Level 3 financial instruments as of June 30, 2024, the valuation technique used to measure the fair value of those financial instruments, and the significant unobservable inputs and the ranges of values for those inputs.

Investment	F	Total Fair Value	Valuation Technique		Range
Assets held in trust by others	\$	5,009,128	Income appro	Remaining pach payments	-

The College uses the NAV to determine the fair value of all the underlying investments which (a) do not have a readily determinable fair value, and (b) prepare their financial statements consistent with the measurement principles or have the attributes of an investment company. The following table lists those investments by major class:

	Fair Value June 30, 2024	Strategy	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Commingled funds	\$ 255,173,569	These funds invest mostly in public domestic and international debt and equity securities. The commingled funds are held in partnership or trust	\$-	Range from weekly to 184 days	3–90 days notice
Absolute return funds	63,736,593	Hedge funds looking to generate steady returns in the range of 7 to 12 percent with relatively low volatility and relatively low correlations to the equity	1,645,908	Range from monthly to 3 years	10–184 days notice
Private equity	148,932,366	Investments in leveraged buyout, distressed securities, real estate, and energy private limited partnership funds that are meant to generate long term returns similar to the US stock market but would also be expected to perform better in a market in which inflation is rapidlv rising.	73,945,712	N/A	N/A
Venture capital	77,678,162	Investments in privately held start up and or fast growing companies expected to generate returns above traditional equity markets.	10,795,253	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 545,520,690		\$ 86,386,873		

Note 6 – Student Notes Receivable

The College makes uncollateralized loans to students based on financial need. Student loans are funded through Federal government loan programs or institutional resources. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, student loans represented 1.4% and 1.6% of total assets, respectively.

At June 30, student loans consist of the following:

	2024	2023
Federal government programs Institutional programs (unsecured)	\$ 1,073,172 14,707,204	\$ 1,470,889 15,547,891
	15,780,376	17,018,780
Less: allowance for credit losses		
Beginning of year	(2,460,424)	(2,426,094)
(Increases) decreases	36,729	(36,686)
Write-offs	25,491	2,356
End of year	(2,398,204)	(2,460,424)
Student notes receivable, net	\$ 13,382,172	\$ 14,558,356

The College participated in the Federal Perkins revolving loan program. The availability of funds for loans under the program is dependent on reimbursements to the pool from repayments on outstanding loans. Funds advanced by the Federal government of \$1,115,103 and \$1,433,541 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, are ultimately refundable to the government and are classified as liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets.

As of October 1, 2017, under Federal law, the College may no longer award new Perkins loans to undergraduate students and may not make subsequent disbursements to undergraduate students after June 30, 2018.

Outstanding loans cancelled under the federal program result in a reduction of the funds available for loan and a decrease in the liability to the government.

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the following amounts were past due under student loan programs:

30-Jun	In Default Less than 240 days		In Default Between 240 Days and 2 Years		In Default More than 2 Years		Total Past Due	
2024	\$	433,010	\$	305,077	\$	1,649,453	\$	2,387,540
2023	\$	592,121	\$	193,617	\$	1,647,588	\$	2,433,326

Allowances for credit losses are established based on prior collection experience and current economic factors, which, in management's judgment, could influence the ability of loan recipients to repay the amounts per the loan terms. Institutional loan balances are written off only when they are deemed to be permanently uncollectible.

Note 7 – Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consist of the following at June 30:

	2024	2023
Land and improvements	\$ 35,517,163	\$ 35,257,125
Buildings	298,041,198	290,230,968
Furniture and equipment	13,854,776	14,513,634
Construction-in-progress	6,211,499	1,882,068
Less: accumulated depreciation	353,624,636 (168,455,058)	341,883,795 (159,065,555)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 185,169,578	\$ 182,818,240

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, was \$11,171,621 and \$10,913,554, respectively.

Note 8 – Deferred Revenue

The activity and balances for student deposits and deferred revenue from contracts with customers are shown in the following table:

	Summer onferences	С	Conditional ontributions and Grants	0.	ner Deferred Revenue	 Total
BALANCES at July 1, 2022	\$ 451,544	\$	1,306,274	\$	1,241,180	\$ 2,998,998
Revenue recognized	(780,768)		(1,219,949)		(769,396)	(2,770,113)
Payments received for future performance obligations	 888,179		1,423,710		743,860	 3,055,749
BALANCES at June 30, 2023	558,955		1,510,035		1,215,644	3,284,634
Revenue recognized	(1,114,006)		(576,403)		(550,600)	(2,241,009)
Payments received for future performance obligations	 884,502		1,738,204		496,247	 3,118,953
BALANCES at June 30, 2024	\$ 329,451	\$	2,671,836	\$	1,161,291	\$ 4,162,578

Note 9 – Debt

CEFA Bonds – In June 2013, the College issued \$54,995,000 in bonds through the CEFA (Series 2013A and 2013B Bonds), with a premium of \$7,391,497. The College issued serial bonds with fixed-interest rates ranging from 2.7%–3.35%, payable on April 1 and October 1 through 2043. The CEFA Series 2013A and 2013B Bonds were used to legally defease \$44,435,000 of the College's previously issued and outstanding CEFA Series 2005A bonds, as well as to provide funds for certain capital projects. The loan agreements for the 2013A and 2013B Bonds contain no restrictive covenants and the loans are unsecured.

In December 2015, the College issued \$34,270,000 in bonds through the CEFA (Series 2015 Bonds), with a premium of \$4,786,583. The College issued serial bonds with fixed-interest rates ranging from 3.00%–5.00%, payable on April 1 and October 1 through 2046. The CEFA Series 2015 Bonds were used to refund \$13,855,000 of the College's previously issued and outstanding CEFA Series bonds (Series 2005B bonds and Series 2008 bonds), as well as to provide funds for certain capital projects. The amount recorded as loss due to the defeasance was \$2,472,055. The loan agreement for the 2015 Bonds contain no restrictive covenants and the loans are unsecured.

Occidental College Taxable Bonds, Series 2019 – In October 2019, the College issued \$65,620,000 in bonds. The College issued serial bonds with fixed-interest rates ranging from 2.435%–3.508%, payable on April 1 and October 1 through 2049. The Occidental College Taxable Bonds, Series 2019 were used to legally defease \$46,470,000 of the College's previously issued and outstanding CEFA Series 2013A bonds, as well as to provide funds for certain capital projects. The amount recorded as loss due to the defeasance was \$610,326, which was allocated to various functional categories in the same manner as plant costs. The loan agreement for the 2019 Bonds contain no restrictive covenants and the loans are unsecured.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

			Remaining
	Authorized	Remaining	Bonds
	and Issued	Interest Rates	Outstanding
CEFA Revenue Bonds			
Series 2013B	\$ 6,230,000	3.0% to 3.35%	\$ 2,895,000
Series 2015	34,270,000	3.0% to 5.0%	21,485,000
Bond premiums, net	4,786,583		3,418,986
Bond issuance costs	(477,443)		(310,315)
Subtotal	44,809,140		27,488,671
Occidental College Taxable Bonds			
Series 2019	65,620,000	2.4% to 3.5%	65,620,000
Bond issuance costs	(581,954)		(489,711)
Subtotal	65,038,046		65,130,289
Total	\$ 109,847,186		\$ 92,618,960

Bonds payable at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	Authorized and Issued	Remaining Interest Rates	Remaining Bonds Outstanding		
CEFA Revenue Bonds					
Series 2013B	\$ 6,230,000	2.6% to 3.35%	\$ 3,565,000		
Series 2015	34,270,000	3.0% to 5.0%	22,925,000		
Bond premiums, net	4,786,583		3,579,880		
Bond issuance costs	(477,443)		(328,597)		
Subtotal	44,809,140		29,741,283		
Occidental College Taxable Bonds					
Series 2019	65,620,000	2.4% to 3.5%	65,620,000		
Bond issuance costs	(581,954)		(509,112)		
Subtotal	65,038,046		65,110,888		
Total	\$ 109,847,186		\$ 94,852,171		

Future principal payment requirements on the bonds payable are summarized as follows:

	Series 2013B CEFA Bonds		-	Series 2015 CEFA Bonds		Series 2019 Bonds		Total	
Years Ending June 30,					1				
2025	\$	690,000	\$	1,515,000	\$	-	\$	2,205,000	
2026		710,000		1,585,000		-		2,295,000	
2027		735,000		1,670,000		-		2,405,000	
2028		760,000		1,750,000		-		2,510,000	
2029 and thereafter		-		14,965,000	6	65,620,000		80,585,000	
Total	\$	2,895,000	\$	21,485,000	\$ 6	65,620,000	\$	90,000,000	

Line of credit – On April 20, 2022, the College renewed a \$5,000,000 line of credit with a bank. The line of credit expired on February 1, 2024, and was not renewed. Interest at the bank's prime rate was payable monthly. The line of credit was unsecured and there were no applicable covenants. The effective interest rate for outstanding balances was 3.5%. No amounts were drawn on the line of credit as of or during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Note 10 – Net Assets

Net assets consist of the following at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Without donor restrictions		
Designated – educational and general	\$ 30,921,263	\$ 29,676,493
Designated – functioning as endowment	143,836,641	130,075,234
Designated – student loan funds	7,186,102	6,959,155
Designated – renewal and replacement	12,716,356	14,108,204
Invested in property and equipment	98,462,589	94,514,093
Total net assets without donor restrictions	293,122,951	275,333,179
With donor restrictions		
Restricted for time and purpose		
Restricted for specific purposes	10,953,128	10,076,649
Accumulated endowment investment gains	299,112,065	271,474,698
Life income and annuity contracts	5,940,571	5,560,625
Property and equipment funds	12,259,061	5,650,248
Contributions receivable, net	3,025,619	2,921,324
Assets held in trust by others	4,587,514	4,149,682
Total restricted for time and purpose net assets	335,877,958	299,833,226
Perpetually restricted		
Endowment corpus	211,348,778	202,798,731
Life income and annuity contracts	4,326,471	6,363,182
Student loan funds	12,497,725	12,492,408
Contributions receivable, net	2,249,313	2,753,225
Assets held in trust by others	421,615	381,828
Total perpetually restricted net assets	230,843,902	224,789,374
Total net assets with donor restrictions	566,721,860	524,622,600
Total net assets	\$ 859,844,811	\$ 799,955,779

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by occurrence of other events specified by donors, as follows:

	June 30,			
	2024	2023		
Operating activities Capital expenditures Annuity Funds released	\$ 23,636,620 41,500 72,144	\$ 23,159,559 925,371 3,288,583		
	\$ 23,750,264	\$ 27,373,513		

Note 11 – Net Student Revenues

Net student revenues for the years ended June 30 consist of the following:

	June 30,			
	2024	2023		
Tuition and fees	\$ 121,349,378	\$ 117,901,791		
Room and board	28,789,376	27,928,966		
Less: financial assistance	(48,523,180)	(48,010,921)		
	\$ 101,615,574	\$ 97,819,836		

Note 12 – Retirement Plan

All academic and nonacademic employees are eligible to participate in the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association (TIAA) and/or the College Retirement Equity Fund (CREF) defined contribution programs. TIAA is a nonprofit, legal reserve life insurance and annuity company and CREF is a nonprofit corporation companion to TIAA.

Benefits are funded by contributions from both the College and participating employees. All contributions are credited to participant accounts, and all College contributions are fully vested. The College's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, were approximately \$5,075,291 and \$4,762,273, respectively, which are included as expenditures in the consolidated statements of activities. Eligible employees who enroll in the plan receive a non-elective contribution equal to 6% of the employee's annual compensation as defined in the plan. In addition to the College's 6% contribution, the College matches employee contributions from 1% to 4% of the employee's salary based on the employee's contribution.

Note 13 – Fundraising Expenses

During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College incurred fundraising expenses of approximately \$5,760,740 and \$5,420,701, respectively, exclusive of communication, publication, and event-related expenses for the purposes of maintaining alumni and public relations. These expenses are included in the Advancement functional classification on the consolidated statements of activities.

Note 14 – Related Parties

Some members of the Board of Trustees contributed to the College in the form of gifts and pledges, during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. Contributions receivable (pledges) includes amounts from members of the College's Board of Trustees of approximately \$1,329,000 and \$649,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Private gifts, grants, and contracts includes amounts from members of the College's Board of Trustees of approximately \$7,563,806 and \$3,076,000 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. In addition, members of the Board of Trustees are often also affiliated with separate private foundations that provide financial support in the form of gifts and pledges to the College.

Note 15 – Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of operations, the College is named as a defendant in lawsuits and is subject to periodic examinations by regulatory agencies. After consultation with legal counsel, management is of the opinion that liabilities, if any, arising from such litigation and examinations would not have a material effect on the College's consolidated financial position.

Certain federal grants which the College administers and for which it receives reimbursements are subject to audit and final acceptance by federal granting agencies. The amount of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor, if any, cannot be determined at this time. The College expects that such amounts, if any, would not have a significant impact on the consolidated balance sheet of the College.

Note 16 – Endowment Funds

The Board of Trustees of the College interpreted the California Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) to state that the College, in the absence of explicit donor stipulations to the contrary, may appropriate for expenditure or accumulate so much of an endowment fund as the College determines prudent for the uses, benefits, purposes, and duration for which the endowment fund is established. As a result of this interpretation, the College classifies as net assets with donor restrictions the original value of gifts donated to the endowment, the original value of subsequent gifts to the endowment, and accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund is also classified as net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditures by the College in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA, which includes the:

- 1. Duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. Mission of the College and the endowment fund with donor restrictions
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. Possible effects of inflation and deflation
- 5. Expected total return from income and appreciation and depreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the College
- 7. Investment policy of the College

The following represents a description of the changes in net endowment assets for the years ended June 30:

		June 30, 2024	
	Without	With	
	Restriction	Restriction	Total
Net endowment assets, beginning of year	\$ 130,075,234	\$ 474,273,429	\$ 604,348,663
Investment return, net	12,709,223	46,058,947	58,768,170
New gifts	561,251	5,953,096	6,514,347
Matured life income and annuity contracts	38,413	2,504,348	2,542,761
Other changes, including redesignations	5,716,996	845,135	6,562,131
Appropriation for expenditures	(5,264,476)	(19,174,113)	(24,438,589)
Net endowment assets, end of year	\$ 143,836,641	\$ 510,460,842	\$ 654,297,483
		June 30, 2023	
	Without Donor	With Donor	
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total
Net endowment assets, beginning of year	\$ 118,825,313	\$ 457,107,792	\$ 575,933,105
Investment return, net	7,205,639	26,730,678	33,936,317
New gifts	328,901	7,126,623	7,455,524
Matured life income and annuity contracts	3,216,448	929,836	4,146,284
Other changes, including redesignations	5,294,863	807,597	6,102,460
Appropriation for expenditures	(4,795,930)	(18,429,097)	(23,225,027)
Net endowment assets, end of year	\$ 130,075,234	\$ 474,273,429	\$ 604,348,663

From time to time, the fair value of the assets associated with individual endowment funds with donor restrictions may fall below the value of the initial and subsequent donor gift amounts. No deficits of this nature happened as of June 30, 2024. Deficits of this nature were \$14,000 as of June 30, 2023, relative to a corpus value of \$1,000,000.

Note 17 – Functional Expenses

Expenses by function and nature consist of the following for the year ended June 30, 2024:

								Auxiliary	
				Academic	Student	Institutional		Enterprises	Total Operating
	Instruction	Research	Public Service	Support	Services	Support	Advancement	Expenditures	Expenses
Salaries	\$ 25,724,567	\$ 1,609,413	\$ 3,409,660	\$ 4,889,459	\$ 8,921,674	\$ 6,540,496	\$ 4,462,992	\$ 6,742,786	\$ 62,301,047
Employee benefits and taxes	7,360,192	376,062	1,005,260	1,498,255	2,823,879	2,447,772	1,495,724	1,920,376	18,927,520
Depreciation and amortization	4,180,295	850,278	127,040	579,424	933,052	380,040	93,627	3,904,655	11,048,411
Interest expense	648,152	-	-	34,531	49,171	442,550	-	1,884,588	3,058,992
Services and supplies	5,588,204	2,921,054	1,535,599	4,989,426	4,512,195	5,340,570	1,943,135	5,744,168	32,574,351
Maintenance and operations	4,591,920	221,035	910,933	1,683,985	912,618	1,374,085	125,985	5,502,308	15,322,869
	\$ 48,093,330	\$ 5,977,842	\$ 6,988,492	\$ 13,675,080	\$ 18,152,589	\$ 16,525,513	\$ 8,121,463	\$ 25,698,881	\$ 143,233,190

Expenses by function and nature consist of the following for the year ended June 30, 2023:

				Academic	Student	Institutional		Auxiliary Enterprises	Total Operating
	Instruction	Research	Public Service	Support	Services	Support	Advancement	Expenditures	Expenses
Salaries	\$ 24,835,534	\$ 1,402,727	\$ 3,375,404	\$ 4,615,441	\$ 8,478,292	\$ 6,219,652	\$ 4,320,573	\$ 6,264,830	\$ 59,512,453
Employee benefits and taxes	6,786,410	285,760	958,442	1,416,820	2,596,796	2,220,006	1,384,388	1,835,140	17,483,762
Depreciation and amortization	4,062,268	212,665	125,741	575,832	1,549,197	374,568	94,717	3,795,356	10,790,344
Interest expense	656,309	-	-	34,531	56,162	442,534	-	1,936,770	3,126,306
Services and supplies	3,475,814	3,025,037	2,181,887	4,162,480	4,281,713	5,147,645	1,817,446	6,043,809	30,135,831
Maintenance and operations	4,589,589	205,561	909,191	1,684,188	911,613	1,506,586	84,110	5,485,693	15,376,531
	\$ 44,405,924	\$ 5,131,750	\$ 7,550,665	\$ 12,489,292	\$ 17,873,773	\$ 15,910,991	\$ 7,701,234	\$ 25,361,598	\$ 136,425,227

The consolidated financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The consolidated statements of activities present expenses by functional classification. Employee benefits including employment taxes are allocated based on employee classification and salaries charged to each function. Maintenance and operations of plant expenses are allocated to functional categories based on building square footage dedicated to that specific function. Salaries, Employee benefits and taxes and Services and supplies for Maintenance and operations are included in Maintenance and operations.

Note 18 – Liquidity and Availability

The College's financial assets and liquidity resources available to meet its general expenditures within one year of the consolidated balance sheet dates are as follows:

	June 30,			
	2024	2023		
Cash and cash equivalents Student accounts receivable, net Contracts and grants receivable Contributions receivable, net Investments Student notes receivable, net Total financial assets	<pre>\$ 11,174,590 676,168 6,473,471 5,274,932 756,952,159 13,382,171 793,933,491</pre>	\$5,810,731 590,865 3,702,684 5,674,549 703,002,085 14,558,356 733,339,270		
Less Restricted investments not available for operations next year Any long-term portions of the receivables Corpus endowment	(332,481,770) (18,657,103) (211,348,778)	(299,686,696) (20,232,905) (202,798,731)		
Total financial assets available within one year	231,445,840	210,620,938		
Liquidity resources Bank lines of credit (available balances)		5,000,000		
The following year's expected endowment distribution	25,570,128	24,438,589		
Total financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year	\$ 257,015,968	\$ 240,059,527		

The College regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the investment of its available funds. For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, the College considers all operating expenditures.

As part of the College's liquidity management, the College maintains a short-term investment portfolio with daily liquidity. Included in the amount of financial assets available at year end for current use above is Designated Funds Functioning as Endowment in the amount of \$143,836,641 and \$130,075,235 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Although the College does not intend to spend amounts other than those appropriated for general expenditure as part of its annual budget approval and appropriation process, these funds could be made available, if necessary, through Board action.

The College expects to have sufficient resources available to cover general expenditures.

Note 19 – Subsequent Events

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the consolidated balance sheet date but before the consolidated financial statements are issued. The College recognizes in the consolidated financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the consolidated balance sheet, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the consolidated financial statements. The College's consolidated financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the consolidated balance sheet but arose after the consolidated balance sheet date and before the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

The College evaluated its consolidated financial statements for subsequent events through November 26, 2024, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

Supplementary Information

Occidental College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program and Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity ID Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures Recognized
Student Financial Assistance Cluster				
U.S. Department of Education:				
Direct Programs				
Federal Student Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007	N/A	\$ -	280,222
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	N/A	-	347,372
Federal Perkins Loan Program (beginning of the year)	84.038	N/A	-	1,470,889
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A	-	1,798,602
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	N/A	-	7,482,277
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster				11,379,362
TRIO Cluster				
U.S. Department of Education:				
Direct Program				
Upward Bound	84.047A	N/A	<u> </u>	675,281
Total TRIO Cluster				675,281
Passed through the Los Angeles Unified School District				
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP 4 LA)	84.334	P334A180080	-	163,409
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP 4 LA)	84.334	P334A180081	-	149,452
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP 4 LA)	84.334	P334A180080	-	69,905
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP 4 LA)	84.334	P334A190002		1,743,184
			_	2,125,950
				2,120,000
Total U.S. Department of Education				14,180,593
Research and Development Cluster National Science Foundation Direct Programs				
The Role of Dwarf-Dwarf Galaxy Interactions over Cosmic Time	47.049	N/A		13,054
RUI: Development of Dianionic Enclates for the Stereoselective Synthesis	47.049	N/A		34,025
of Natural and Unnatural Amino Acids	47.045	19/74	-	04,020
Geometric and Semantic Structures for Two and Three-Dimensional Shape Understanding Building Bridges: Fifth EU/US Summer School on Automorphic Forms and Related Topics	47.049	N/A	-	13,398
RUI-CHE: Development of Organometallic Complexes for the Next-Generation of Non-Aqueous Redox	47.040	NI/A		05 440
flow batteries	47.049	N/A	<u> </u>	25,142
				85,619
				(continued)

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Occidental College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program and Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity ID Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures Recognized
RUI: Collaborative Research: Understanding bioerosion from individuals to ecosystems: the impacts of biotic				
and abiotic stressors on sponge erosion of oyster reefs Collaborative Research: RUI: EAR-Climate: Investigating the past, present, and future of	47.050	N/A	-	50,029
glaciated alpine landscapes using an integrated data-model approach	47.050	N/A	-	26,148
MRI: Acquisition of a Malvern Particle size analyzer for interdisciplinary research and undergraduate	17.050	N 1/A		
education and research training	47.050	N/A	-	14,114
Collaborative Research: Redefining the footprint of deep ocean methane seepage for benthic ecosystems	47.050	N/A	<u> </u>	62,331
				152,621
MRI: Acquisition of a High-Performance Computing Cluster for Occidental College	47.070	N/A		101,156
				101,156
CAREER: Integrating undergraduate research, citizen science, and museum genomics to explore				
a century of change in North American birds	47.074	N/A	-	2,713
RUI: Marine Vampire Microbiome Project (MVP) Blood-feeding marine invertebrates and their bacterial accomp		N/A	-	36,124
Digitization PEN Specimens	47.074	N/A	-	8,084
Collaborative Research: RUI: Keystone Molecules and estuarine foodwebs: chemical defense and a novel biosynthetic pathway in a common Mudflat Mullusc	47.074	N/A	-	53,168
				100,089
				100,089
RUI: STS: Race, Immigration, and the Public Understanding of Science	47.075	N/A	-	78,422
Collaborative Research: Social Perception of Groups	47.075	N/A	-	40,988
	47.075	N/A		11,522
				130,932
Creating Opportunities for High-achieving Students in Science and Mathematics through	47.076	N/A	-	230,590
Scholarships, research experiences, Leadership, and Community Center for Undergraduate Research in Mathematics	47.076	N/A		27,465
				258,056
Total National Science Foundation (Direct Programs)			-	828,474
				(continued)

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Occidental College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

ederal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program and Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity ID Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures Recognized
National Institutes of Health				
Direct Program:				
Macrophage Second-line Responses to Group A Streptococcus Infection	93.855	N/A	-	5,987
Regiodivergent Palladium-Catalyzed Decarboxylative Coupling of Stabilized Benzylic	93.859	N/A	-	59,145
Photocatalyzed & Enantioselective Umpolung C-C Bond Forming Reactions of Carbonyls	93.859	N/A		42,675
				101,820
Electromechanical Cornea Reshaping for Refractive Vision Therapy	93.867	N/A		66,84
				66,84
Total National Institutes of Health				174,654
U.S. Department of the Navy				
Direct Program				
Safety Zone Kelp monitoring at San Clemente Island	12.300	N/A		24,61
Total U.S. Department of the Navy				24,61
National Security Agency				
Direct Program				
Coding Theory, Number Theory, and Related Topics - Mathematical Sciences Program	47.049	N/A	-	29,37
2022 Startalk - Occidental College	47.049	N/A		90,98
Total National Security Agency				120,35
Total Research and Development Cluster (Direct Programs)				1,140,04
US Department of Interior				
Passed through the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management				
Environmental status of artificial structures offshore California	15.423	N/A	-	113,04
Total US Department of Interior				113,04
National Institute of Environmental Health Services				
Passed through the National Institute of Environmental Health Services	02.442	N1/A		40.04
Health symptoms and risk perception of urban Los Angeles Voices on Oil, Community, Environment and Salud (LAS VOCES) Study	93.113 93.113	N/A N/A	-	18,24 54,27
Total National Institute of Environmental Health Services	33.113	10/75	-	72,51
			<u> </u>	12,51
National Institutes of Health National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute				
Alliance for Community Engagement-Climate and Health (ACE-CH)	93.RD01	N/A	_	103,43
Total National Hear, Lung, and Blood Institute	93.RD01	N/A	-	103,43
Passed through the California Institute of Technology, Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL)				
Accelerated Aging Study for Reagents used on Space exploration	43.RD02	1691219	-	11
Converting CO2 to gasoline fuel using carbon nanotube platform	43.RD02	1669297	-	23,62
Satellite Monitoring of Rivers: A Distributed-Sampling Approach to Improve				
Satellite Estimates of River Water Quality on a Global Scale	43.RD02	1678255		28,90
Total National Aeronautics & Space Administration			-	52,64
				(continued)

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Occidental College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

ederal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program and Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity ID Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures Recognized
National Institutes of Health				
Direct Program:				
Macrophage Second-line Responses to Group A Streptococcus Infection	93.855	N/A	-	5,987
Regiodivergent Palladium-Catalyzed Decarboxylative Coupling of Stabilized Benzylic	93.859	N/A	-	59,145
Photocatalyzed & Enantioselective Umpolung C-C Bond Forming Reactions of Carbonyls	93.859	N/A		42,675
			<u> </u>	101,820
Electromechanical Cornea Reshaping for Refractive Vision Therapy	93.867	N/A	-	66,847
			-	66,847
Total National Institutes of Health				174,654
U.S. Department of the Navy				
Direct Program	12.300	N/A		04.04
Safety Zone Kelp monitoring at San Clemente Island	12.300	IN/A		24,611
Total U.S. Department of the Navy				24,61
National Security Agency Direct Program				
Coding Theory, Number Theory, and Related Topics - Mathematical Sciences Program	47.049	N/A	-	29,37
2022 Startalk - Occidental College	47.049	N/A		90,98
Total National Security Agency			<u> </u>	120,355
Total Research and Development Cluster (Direct Programs)				1,148,094
US Department of Interior				
Passed through the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management				
Environmental status of artificial structures offshore California	15.423	N/A		113,04
Total US Department of Interior			-	113,04
National Institute of Environmental Health Services				
Passed through the National Institute of Environmental Health Services Health symptoms and risk perception of urban	93.113	N/A	_	18,24
Los Angeles Voices on Oil, Community, Environment and Salud (LAS VOCES) Study	93.113	N/A	-	54,27
Total National Institute of Environmental Health Services			-	72,51
National Institutes of Health				
National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute				
Alliance for Community Engagement-Climate and Health (ACE-CH)	93.RD01	N/A		103,43
Total National Hear, Lung, and Blood Institute	93.RD01	N/A	-	103,43
Passed through the California Institute of Technology, Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL)				
Accelerated Aging Study for Reagents used on Space exploration	43.RD02	1691219	-	11
Converting CO2 to gasoline fuel using carbon nanotube platform	43.RD02	1669297	-	23,62
Satellite Monitoring of Rivers: A Distributed-Sampling Approach to Improve	10 5500	4070055		
Satellite Estimates of River Water Quality on a Global Scale	43.RD02	1678255		28,90
Total National Aeronautics & Space Administration			-	52,64 (continued)

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Occidental College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program and Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity ID Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Expenditures Recognized
National Science Foundation				
Passed through the Mathematical Association of America				
National Research Experience for Undergraduates Program (NREUP)	47.049	DMS-1950644	<u> </u>	17,050
Total National Science Foundation				17,050
Total Research and Development Cluster (Pass-Through Funding)				358,686
Total Research and Development Cluster				1,506,779
Other Programs				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Direct Program				
Los Angeles Urban Agriculture Internship Program	10.310	N/A		83,249
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				83,249
Total Other Programs (Direct Programs)				83,249
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
California Department of Food and Agriculture	10.170		-	57,816
Upward Bound USDA '23 - '28	10.559		-	9,254
Southwest Regional Food Business Center	10.164	AM200100XXXXG032	<u> </u>	199,417
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				266,487
Passed through California Governor's Office of Emergency Services Public Assistance Grants				
US Department of Homeland Security - Federal Emergency Management Award	97.036			1,055,628
Total Department of Homeland Security				1,055,628
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Commuting during and after COVID-19: the impact of COVID on shared mobility				
and extreme commuting in the Bay Area-Central Valley	20.701	69A3551747109	-	1,046
The Impact of Work-From-Home on Job and Housing Location in the Bay Area	20.701	69A3551747109	-	13,275
Total Department of Transportation				14,321
Total Other Programs (Pass-Through Funding)				3,462,386
			<u> </u>	
Total Other Programs				15,770,621
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 19,233,006

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Occidental College (the College") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because it presents only a selected portion of the operations of the College, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the College.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The College has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 – Federal Student Loan Programs

The federal student loan program listed subsequently is administered directly by the College and balances and transactions relating to this program are included in the College's consolidated financial statements. The balance of loans at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2024, consists of:

Federal Assistance			Loans	Loans Awarded		Loan Principal Repaid / Cancelled		Loans
Listing Number	Program Name	Outstanding at June 30, 2023		 During Fiscal 2024		Written Off / Assigned During Fiscal 2024		utstanding at ine 30, 2024
84.038	Federal Perkins Loan Program	\$	1,470,889	\$	-	\$	(398,852)	\$ 1,072,037



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Trustees Occidental College

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Occidental College (the College), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2024, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Occidental College's consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the consolidated financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Moss Adams HP

Los Angeles, California November 26, 2024



Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Trustees Occidental College

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Occidental College's (the College) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the College's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the College's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the College's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards,* and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the College's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and quested costs as item 2024-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the College's response to internal control over compliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The College's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance, and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Moss Adams HP

Los Angeles, California November 26, 2024

Occidental College Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section I – Summary of A	Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results						
Consolidated Financial Statements							
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the consolidated financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Uni	nodifie	d				
Internal control over financial reporting:							
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		Yes	\boxtimes	No			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	\boxtimes	None reported			
 Noncompliance material to consolidated financial statements noted? 		Yes	\boxtimes	No			
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major federal programs:							
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		Yes	\boxtimes	No			
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	\boxtimes	Yes		None reported			
 Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? 	\boxtimes	Yes		No			

Identification of each Major Federal Program and Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance for each Major Federal Program

	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Program	or Clu	ster		Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance
	Various 84.334 97.036	Student Financial Assistance Cluster Gear Up Federal Emergency Management Ag	ency			Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified
•	Dollar threshold use and type B program	ed to distinguish between type A is:	\$75	0,000		
•	Auditee qualified as	low-risk auditee?	\boxtimes	Yes	No	

Occidental College Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

FINDING 2024-001 – Special Tests and Provisions – Enrollment Reporting: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance

Federal Assistance Listing Number	Federal Agency/Pass-Through Entity – Program Name	Federal Award Number	Award Year	Questioned Costs
Various	U.S. Department of Education – Student financial assistance cluster	n/a	Year ended June 30, 2024	n/a

Criteria – 34 CFR section 685.309(b)(2): Unless it expects to submit its next updated enrollment report to the Secretary within the next 60 days, a school must notify the Secretary within 30 days after the date the school discovers that:

(i) a loan under Title IV of the Act was made to or on behalf of a student who was enrolled or accepted for enrollment at the school, and the student has ceased to be enrolled on at least a half-time basis or failed to enroll on at least a half-time basis for the period for which the loan was intended; or

(ii) A student who is enrolled at the school and who received a loan under title IV of the Act has changed his or her permanent address.

Condition/context: A sample of 20 federal aid recipient students was selected from system generated reports of students who graduated, withdrew, or dropped during the 2023-2024 academic year. The enrollment information per the College's records were compared to the information reported to the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) in order to determine if status changes were reported within the required timeframes. All 20 of the students selected as samples were not reported to the NSLDS within the required timeframe.

Cause: Capacity constraints and turnover within the accounting department limited the College's ability to implement proper oversight of enrollment reporting.

Effect or potential effect: The NSLDS database did not include accurate information until the point at which it was corrected. This information is utilized by the Department of Education, the Direct Loan program, lenders, and other institutions to determine in-school status, deferment, and grace periods of student loans. Incorrect information could result in incorrect deferment, grace periods, billing, and repayment of student loans.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: We recommend that the College timely notify NSLDS of any changes of students' status such as, graduation, address change, etc. We recommend that the College updates NSLDS for any graduations within the 30-day requirement or include in a roster file within 60 days.

Corrective Action Plan: The College has accepted Moss Adams' recommendation that the College document and implement processes to ensure timely NSLDS reporting. The College is in the process of restructuring the staffing in the financial aid office to update NSLDS for any students' status changes. The College will address the deficiency by first reviewing and revising existing procedures and policies and then implementing and documenting new processes and policies to ensure proper controls and best practices. The College has already created a document that identifies all the reclassifications needed to produce the College's Financial Statements.

Finding: 2023-001 – Financial Close and Reporting – Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Condition/context: During the course of our audit, we noted that the College lacks digital transformation and automation on all significant accounting processes. With the absence of automation and documentation of financial reporting procedures, the College is unable to complete certain processes because it is such a manual process. Each of these internal control deficiencies on their own do not rise to the level of a significant deficiency; however, in the aggregate they were determined to represent a significant deficiency in financial close and reporting.

Current year status – Fully corrected.



OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

FINDING 2024-001 – Special Tests and Provisions – Enrollment Reporting: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance

Explanation of Deficiency: Occidental sent a degree file to the National Student Clearinghouse (NSC) on June 12, 2024. It was sent a week after an enrollment file. The enrollment file had errors which required resolution before the NSC could process the degree file. The enrollment file errors were remedied on June 25, 2024. The degree file also had errors, posted on June 26, 2024, and corrected by Occidental on July 29, 2024.

Corrective Action Plan: The staff member currently responsible for resolving National Student Clearinghouse (NSC) file errors has now been trained in the institutional responsibility to send NSC files on time and to resolve any resulting errors immediately. In addition, the College will soon be hiring an administrative position (currently open) in the Registrar's Office who will act as Occidental's main liaison with the NSC. Plans for the new liaison training include both NSC processing as well as the relationship between NSC submissions and the institutional responsibility to report accurate enrollment to the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) as required. Training will be conducted by the Registrar with the assistance of the Director of Financial Aid for emphasis on institutional responsibilities as outlined in 34 CFR 685.309(b).

Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action: James Herr, Occidental College Registrar Anticipated Completion Date: December 12, 2024 (end of Fall semester but before next degree file is sent to NSC)

Office of the Registrar

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